What is claimed is:

 (Original). An antimicrobial lens comprising silver and a polymer formed from a reaction mixture comprising at least one ligand monomer of Formula I

wherein

w is 0-1:

Y is oxygen or sulfur;

R31 is hydrogen or C1-6alkyl;

R³² is selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, amino, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, carboxylic acid, thioC₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl, thioC₁₋₆alkylaminocarbonyl, -C(O)NH-(CH_{2)d}-R³³, -O-R³³, -NH-R³³, -S-(CH_{2)d}-R³³, -(CH_{2)d}-R³³, C₁₋₆alkyldisulfide, phonyldisulfide, urea, C₁₋₆alkylurea, phenylurea, thiourea, C₁₋₆alkylthiourea, phenylthiourea, C₁₋₆alkylamine, phenylamine, substituted C₁₋₆alkyldisulfide, substituted phenyldisulfide, substituted phenylurea, substituted C₁₋₆alkylurea or substituted phenylamine, substituted phenylthiourea wherein the substitutents are selected from the group consisting of C₁₋₆alkyl, haloC₁₋₆alkyl, halogen, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, amine, amidine,

acetamide, and nitrile

where

d is 0-8:

 R^{33} is $thioC_{1-c}$ alkylcarbonyl, C_{1-c} alkyl, substituted C_{1-c} alkyl where the alkyl substituents are selected from one or more members of the group consisting of C_{1-c} alkyl, halo C_{1-c} alkyl, halogen, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, amine, amidine, acetamide, nitrile, thiol,

C1.6alkyldisulfide, C1.6alkylsulfide, phenyldisulfide, urea, C1.6alkylurea, phenylurea, thiourea, C1.6alkylthiourea, phenylthiourea, substituted C1-6alkyldisulfide, substituted phenyldisulfide, substituted C1-6alkylurea, substituted phenylurea, substituted C1-6alkylthiourea or substituted phenylthiourea wherein the C1-6alkyldisulfide, phenyldisulfide, C1-6alkylurea, C1-6alkylthiourea, phenylurea, and phenylthiourea substituents are selected from the group consisting of C1-6alkyl, haloC1-6alkyl, halogen, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, amine, amidine, acetamide, and nitrile; -(CR34R35),-(CHR36),-SO3H where R34, R35, and R36 are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxyl, and C1-6alkyl, a is 1-6, and m is 0-6; -(CH₂)_n-S-S-(CH₂)_xNH-C(O)CR³⁷CH₂, where R37 is hydrogen or CLalkyl. n is 1-6, and x is 1-6: -(CR38R39),-(CHR40)u-P(O)(OH)2 where R38, R39, and R40 are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxyl, and C1-6alkyl, t is 1-6, and u is 0-6: phenyl, benzyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzotriazolyl, naphthaloyl, quinolinyl, indolyl, thiadiazolyl, triazolyl, 4-methylpiperidin-1-vl. 4-methylpiperazin-1-vl. substituted phenyl, substituted benzyl, substituted pyridinyl, substituted pyrimidinyl, substituted pyrazinyl, substituted benzimidazolyl,

substituted naphthaloyl, substituted quinolinyl, substituted indolyl, substituted thiadiazolyl, substituted triazolyl, substituted 4-methylpiperidin-1-yl, or substituted 4-methylpiperazin-1-yl,

wherein the substituents are selected from one or more members of the group consisting of C_{1-6} alkyl, halo C_{1-6} alkyl, halogen, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, amine, amidine, N-(2-aminopyrimidine)sulfonyl, N-(aminopyridine)sulfonyl,

N-(aminopyrazine)sulfonyl,

N-(2-aminopyrimidine)carbonyl, N-(aminopyridine)carbonyl,

N-(aminopyrazine)carbonyl, N-(2-aminopyrimidine)phosphonyl,

N-(2-aminopyridine)phosphonyl, N-(aminopyrazine)phosphonyl,

 $N\hbox{-} (amin obenzimid a zolyl) sulfonyl,$

N-(aminobenzothiazolyl)sulfonyl,

N-(aminobenzotriazolyl)sulfonyl, N-(aminoindolyl)sulfonyl,

N-(aminothiazolyl)sulfonyl,

N-(aminotriazolyl)sulfonyl,

N-(amino-4-methylpiperidinyl)sulfonyl,

N-(amino-4-methylpiperazinyl)sulfonyl,

N-(aminobenzimidazolyl)carbonyl,

N-(aminobenzothiazolyl)carbonyl,

N-(aminobenzotriazolyl)carbonyl, N-(aminoindolyl)carbonyl,

N-(aminothiazolyl)carbonyl,

N-(aminotriazolyl)carbonyl,

N-(amino-4-methylpiperidinyl)carbonyl,

N-(amino-4-methylpiperazinyl)carbonyl,

N-(2-aminobenzimidazolyl)phosphonyl,

N-(2-aminobenzothiazolyl)phosphonyl,

N-(2-aminobenzotriazolyl)phosphonyl.

N-(2-aminothiazolyl)phosphonyl, N-(2-aminothiazolyl)phosphonyl, N-(2-aminothiazolyl)phosphonyl, N-(amino-4-methylpiperidinyl)

phosphonyl, N-(amino-4-methylpiperazinyl) phosphonyl,

acetamide, nitrile, thiol, $C_{1.6}$ alkyldisulfide, $C_{1.6}$ alkylsulfide, phenyl disulfide, urea, $C_{1.6}$ alkylurea, phenylurea, thiourea, $C_{1.6}$ alkylthiourea, phenylthiourea, substituted $C_{1.6}$ alkyldisulfide, substituted phenyldisulfide, substituted $C_{1.6}$ alkylurea, substituted

substituted pnenyldisumae, substituted C_{1-6} alkylthiourea, substituted phenyltrea, and substituted phenylthiourea

enyithiourea

wherein the C_{1-6} alkyldisulfide, phenyldisulfide, C_{1-6} alkylurea, C_{1-6} alkylthiourea, phenylurea, and phenylthiourea substituents are selected from the group consisting of C_{1-6} alkyl, halo C_{1-6} alkyl, halogen, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, amine, amidine, acetamide, and nitrile;

R⁴¹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{L6}alkyl, phenyl, C_{L6}alkylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, substituted C_{L6}alkyl, substituted phenyl, substituted C_{L6}alkylcarbonyl and substituted phenylcarbonyl,

wherein

the substituents are selected from the group consisting of $\mathrm{C}_{\text{1-6}}$ alkyl,

haloC₁₋₆alkyl, halogen, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, amine, amidine, acetamide, and nitrile

wherein the silver is releasably bound to the ligand, and the silver is present in the lens in an amount, expressed as a ratio of silver to ligand monomer of at least about 0.6.

(Withdrawn). The antimicrobial lens of claim 1 wherein.

w is 0-1;

R31 is hydrogen;

R³² is selected from the group consisting of amine, C₁₋₃alkylamine, phenylamine, substituted phenylamine, thioC₁₋₃alkylcarbonyl; and

R41 is hydrogen

(Original). The antimicrobial lens of claim 1 wherein the lens is a soft contact lens.

- (Currently Amended). The antimicrobial lens of claim 1 wherein the monomer of
 Formula I is present at about 0.01 to about 1.5 weight percent, based upon the total lens
 forming components in the reaction mixture.
- (Currently Amended). The antimicrobial lens of claim 1 wherein the ligand monomer
 is present at about 0.01 to about 0.8 weight percent, based upon the total lens forming
 components in the reaction mixture.
- (Currently Amended). The antimicrobial lens of claim 1 wherein the ligand monomer
 is present at about 0.01 to about 0.3 weight percent, based upon the total lens forming
 components in the reaction mixture.
- (Currently Amended). The antimicrobial lens of claim 1 wherein the ligand monomer
 is present at about 0.01 to about 0.2 weight percent, based upon the total lens forming
 components in the reaction mixture.
- (Original). The antimicrobial lens of claim 1 wherein the ratio of silver to ligand monomer is at least about 0.8.
- 9. (Original). The antimicrobial lens of claim 1 wherein the lens is a silicone hydrogel.
- (Original). The antimicrobial lens of claim 1 wherein, the lens is etafileon A, balafileon, A, acquafileon A, lenefileon A, galyfileon, senofileon or lotrafileon A.
- 11. (Withdrawn). The antimicrobial lens of claim 1 wherein, R¹, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁶, R⁰ and R¹⁰ are independently hydrogen or methyl; R² is NH-R³; R³ is -(CR⁴ R⁵)_q-(CHR⁶)_m-SO₃H, -(CR⁶R⁰)_r-(CHR¹⁰)_u-P(O)(OH)₂ or -(CH₂)_n-S-S-(CH₂)_xNH-C(O)CHR⁷CH₂; q is 1-2; m is 1-2; R⁷ is hydrogen; t is 1; u is 1-2; n is 2-3; and x is 2-3.

12. (Original). The antimicrobial lens of claim 1 wherein the monomer of Formula I is selected from the group consisting of 1-ally1-2 thiourea and the following monomers

$$+ C_3 S$$
 $+ C_2 C$
 $+ C_3 S$
 $+ C_4 C$
 $+ C_5 C$
 $+ C_$

- (Original). The antimicrobial lens of claim 1 wherein silver is present at about 60 ppm to about 4,000 ppm.
- (Original). The antimicrobial lens of claim 1 wherein silver is present at about 60 ppm to about 2,000 ppm.
- (Original). The antimicrobial lens of claim 1 wherein silver is present at about 60 ppm to about 1,000 ppm.
- (Withdrawn). The antimicrobial lens of claim 1 wherein the lens is a silicone hydrogel and the ligand monomer is 1-allyl-2-thiourea.
- (Withdrawn). The antimicrobial lens of claim 16 wherein silver is present at about 60
 ppm to about 4000 ppm and the ligand monomer is present at about 0.01 to about 1.5
 weight percent.
- (Withdrawn). The antimicrobial lens of claim 1 wherein the lens is etafilcon A, balafilcon, A, acquafilcon A, lenefilcon, galyfilcon, senofilcon or lotrafilcon A and the ligand monomer is 1-allyl-2-thiourea.

- (Withdrawn). The antimicrobial lens of claim 18 wherein silver is present at about 60
 ppm to about 2000 ppm and the ligand monomer is present at about 0.01 to about 1.5
 weight percent.
- (Withdrawn). The antimicrobial lens of claim 19 wherein the lens is etafilcon A or acquafilcon A.
- (Withdrawn). The lens of claim 20 wherein silver is present at about 60 ppm to about 1000 ppm.
- 22. (Withdrawn). A method of producing an antimicrobial lens comprising, silver and a polymer comprising at least one ligand monomer of Formula I

wherein

w is 0-1;

Y is oxygen or sulfur:

R31 is hydrogen or C1.6alkyl;

R³² is selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, amino, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, carboxylic acid, thioC₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl, thioC₁₋₆alkylaminocarbonyl, -C(O)NH-(CH₂)_d-R³³, -O-R³³, -NH-R³³, -S-(CH₂)_d-R³³, -(CH₂)_d-R³³, C₁₋₆alkyldisulfide, phenyldisulfide, urea, C₁₋₆alkylurea, phenylurea, thiourea, C₁₋₆alkylthiourea, phenylthiourea, C₁₋₆alkylthiourea, phenylthiourea, phenylthiourea, substituted C₁₋₆alkylthiourea (Substituted Phenyldisulfide, substituted phenylthiourea, substituted C₁₋₆alkylmine, substituted phenylthiourea, substituted C₁₋₆alkylmine, substituted phenylthiourea, substituted C₁₋₆alkylmine, substituted phenylthiourea, substituted C₁₋₆alkylmine, substituted phenylmine, substit

hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, amine, amidine, acetamide, and nitrile

where

d is 0-8:

R³³ is thioC₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, substituted C₁₋₆alkyl where the alkyl substituents are selected from one or more members of the group consisting of C₁₋₆alkyl, halo C₁₋₆alkyl, halogen, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, amine, amidine, acetamide, nitrile, thiol, C₁₋₆alkylsiulfide, C₁₋₆alkylsulfide, phenyldisulfide, urea, C₁₋₆alkylurea, phenyltriourea, thiourea, C₁₋₆alkylthiourea, phenylthiourea, substituted C₁₋₆alkylurea, substituted phenyldisulfide, substituted C₁₋₆alkylthiourea or substituted phenyltriourea

wherein the $C_{1:6}$ alkyldisulfide, phenyldisulfide, $C_{1:6}$ alkylurea, $C_{1:6}$ alkylthiourea, phenylurea, and phenylthiourea substituents are selected from the group consisting of $C_{1:6}$ alkyl, halo $C_{1:6}$ alkyl, halogen, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, amine, amidine, acetamide, and nitrile;

-(CR³⁴R³⁵)₀-(CHR³⁶)_m-SO₃H

where $R^{34},\,R^{35},$ and R^{36} are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxyl, and $C_{1\text{-}6}alkyl,$

q is 1-6, and m is 0-6;

-(CH₂)_n-S-S-(CH₂)_nNH-C(O)CR³⁷CH₂, where R³⁷ is hydrogen or C₁₋₆alkyl, n is 1-6. and x is 1-6:

-(CR38R39)1-(CHR40)u-P(O)(OH)2

where $R^{38},\,R3^9,$ and R^{40} are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxyl, and $C_{1\text{-}6}alkyl,$

t is 1-6, and

u is 0-6;

phenyl, benzyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, benzimidazolyl, benzothiazolyl, benzothiazolyl, naphthaloyl, quinolinyl, indolyl, thiadiazolyl, triazolyl, 4-methylpiperidin-1-yl, 4-methylpiperazin-1-yl, substituted phenyl, substituted benzyl, substituted pyridinyl, substituted pyrimidinyl, substituted pyrimidinyl, substituted benzothiazolyl, substituted benzothiazolyl, substituted benzothiazolyl, substituted denzothiazolyl, substituted dindolyl, substituted thiadiazolyl, substituted triazolyl, substituted thiadiazolyl, substituted 4-methylpiperidin-1-yl, or substituted 4-methylpiperazin-1-yl,

wherein the substituents are selected from one or more members of the group consisting of C₁₋₆alkyl, haloC₁₋₆alkyl, halogen, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, amine, amidine, N-(2-aminopyrimidine)sulfonyl, N-(aminopyridine)sulfonyl, N-(aminopyrizaine)sulfonyl, N-(2-aminopyrimidine)carbonyl, N-(aminopyridine)carbonyl,

N-(aminopyrazine)carbonyl, N-(2-aminopyrimidine)phosphonyl, N-(2-aminopyridine)phosphonyl, N-(aminopyrazine)phosphonyl, N-(aminobenzimidazolyl)sulfonyl,

N-(aminobenzothiazolyl)sulfonyl,

N-(aminobenzotriazolyl)sulfonyl, N-(aminoindolyl)sulfonyl,

N-(aminothiazolyl)sulfonyl,

N-(aminotriazolyl)sulfonyl,

N-(amino-4-methylpiperidinyl)sulfonyl,

N-(amino-4-methylpiperazinyl)sulfonyl,

N-(aminobenzimidazolyl)carbonyl,

N-(aminobenzothiazolyl)carbonyl,

N-(aminobenzotriazolyl)carbonyl, N-(aminoindolyl)carbonyl, N-(aminothiazolyl)carbonyl.

- 10 -

N-(aminotriazolyl)carbonyl,

N-(amino-4-methylpiperidinyl)carbonyl,

N-(amino-4-methylpiperazinyl)carbonyl,

N-(2-aminobenzimidazolyl)phosphonyl,

N-(2-aminobenzothiazolyl)phosphonyl,

N-(2-aminobenzotriazolyl)phosphonyl,

N-(2-aminoindolyl)phosphonyl, N-(2-aminothiazolyl)phosphonyl,

N-(2-aminotriazolyl)phosphonyl, N-(amino-4-methylpiperidinyl)

phosphonyl, N-(amino-4-methylpiperazinyl) phosphonyl,

acetamide, nitrile, thiol, C₁₋₆alkyldisulfide, C₁₋₆alkylsulfide, phenyl

disulfide, urea, C₁₋₆alkylurea, phenylurea, thiourea,

 $C_{1\text{-6}}$ alkylthiourea, phenylthiourea, substituted $C_{1\text{-6}}$ alkyldisulfide, substituted phenyldisulfide, substituted $C_{1\text{-6}}$ alkyldriea, substituted $C_{1\text{-6}}$ alkylthiourea, substituted phenylurea, and substituted

phenylthiourea

wherein the C_{1-6} alkyldisulfide, phenyldisulfide, C_{1-6} alkylurea, C_{1-6} alkylthiourea, phenylurea, and phenylthiourea substituents are selected from the group consisting of C_{1-6} alkyl,

 $\label{eq:haloC1-6} haloC_{1\text{-}6} alkyl, halogen, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, sulfonic acid,$

phosphonic acid, amine, amidine, acetamide, and nitrile;

R⁴¹ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C₁₋₆alkyl, phenyl, C₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, substituted C₁₋₆alkyl, substituted phenyl, substituted C₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl and substituted phenylcarbonyl,

wherein

the substituents are selected from the group consisting of C₁₋₆alkyl,

haloC_{1-c}alkyl, halogen, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, amine, amidine, acetamide, and nitrile

where the method comprises the steps of

- (a) preparing a lens comprising at least one ligand monomer and
- (b) treating the lens with a silver solution of a concentration to provide the lens with a silver to ligand monomer ratio of at least about 0.6.

- (Withdrawn). The method of claim 22 wherein the silver solution is aqueous silver nitrate having a concentration of about 0.1 μg/mL to about 0.3 g/mL.
- (Withdrawn). The method of claim 22 wherein, the treating step comprises soaking the lens in the silver solution.
- (Withdrawn). The method of claim 24 wherein, the lens is soaked in the silver solution for about 2 minutes to about 2 hours.
- (Withdrawn). The method of claim 22 wherein, the treating step comprises storing the lens in a silver solution for about 20 minutes to about 5 years.
- (Withdrawn). The method of claim 22 wherein the ratio of silver to ligand monomer is at least about 0.8.
- (Original). The lens of claim 1 wherein said lens displays at least about a 0.4 log reduction in microbial activity.
- (Original). The lens of claim 1 wherein said lens displays at least about a 1 log reduction in microbial activity..
- (Withdrawn). A lens case comprising silver and a polymer comprising at least one ligand monomer of Formula I

of Formula I

wherein

w is 0-1;

Y is oxygen or sulfur;

R31 is hydrogen or C1-6alkyl;

R³² is selected from the group consisting of hydroxyl, amino, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, carboxylic acid, thioC₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl, thioC₁₋₆alkylaminocarbonyl, -C(O)NH-(CH₂)_d-R³³, -O-R¹³, -NH-R³³, -S-(CH₂)_d-R³³, -(CH₂)_d-R³³, -(CH₂)_d-R³³, C₁₋₆alkyldisulfide, phenyldisulfide, urea, C₁₋₆alkylurea, phenylurea, thiourea, C₁₋₆alkylthiourea, phenylthiourea, C₁₋₆alkyldisulfide, substituted phenyldisulfide, substituted phenylurea, substituted C₁₋₆alkyldisulfide, substituted phenylamine, substituted phenylurea or substituted C₁₋₆alkylthiourea wherein the substitutents are selected from the group consisting of C₁₋₆alkyl, haloC₁₋₆alkyl, halogen, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, amine, amidine, acetamide, and nitrile

where d is 0-8:

R³³ is thioC₁₋₆alkylcarbonyl, C₁₋₆alkyl, substituted C₁₋₆alkyl where the alkyl substituents are selected from one or more members of the group consisting of C₁₋₆alkyl, halo C₁₋₆alkyl, halogen, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, amine, amidine, acetamide, nitrile, thiol, C₁₋₆alkyldisulfide, C₁₋₆alkylsulfide, phenyldisulfide, urea, C₁₋₆alkylurea, phenylurea, thiourea, C₁₋₆alkylthiourea, phenylthiourea, substituted C₁₋₆alkylturea, substituted phenyldisulfide, substituted C₁₋₆alkylthiourea or substituted phenylthiourea

wherein the C_{1-6} alkyldisulfide, phenyldisulfide, C_{1-6} alkylurea, C_{1-6} alkylthiourea, phenylurea, and phenylthiourea substituents are selected from the group consisting of C_{1-6} alkyl, halo C_{1-6} alkyl, halogen, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, amine, amidine, acetamide, and nitrile;

```
-(CR34R35),0-(CHR36),m-SO3H
   where R34, R35, and R36 are independently selected from the group
   consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxyl, and C1-6alkyl,
   q is 1-6, and m is 0-6;
-(CH2)n-S-S-(CH2)xNH-C(O)CR37CH2,
   where R37 is hydrogen or C1 calkyl.
   n is 1-6, and x is 1-6:
-(CR38R39),-(CHR40),-P(O)(OH)2
   where R38, R39, and R40 are independently selected from the group
   consisting of hydrogen, halogen, hydroxyl, and C1-6alkyl,
   t is 1-6, and
   u is 0-6:
phenyl, benzyl, pyridinyl, pyrimidinyl, pyrazinyl, benzimidazolyl,
benzothiazolyl, benzotriazolyl, naphthaloyl,
quinolinyl, indolyl, thiadiazolyl, triazolyl,
4-methylpiperidin-1-yl, 4-methylpiperazin-1-yl,
substituted phenyl, substituted benzyl,
substituted pyridinyl, substituted pyrimidinyl,
substituted pyrazinyl, substituted benzimidazolyl,
substituted benzothiazolyl, substituted benzotriazolyl,
substituted naphthaloyl, substituted quinolinyl,
substituted indolyl, substituted thiadiazolyl,
substituted triazolyl, substituted 4-methylpiperidin-1-yl, or
substituted 4-methylpiperazin-1-yl,
    wherein the substituents are selected from one or more members of
    the group consisting of C1-6alkyl, haloC1-6alkyl, halogen, sulfonic
    acid, phosphonic acid, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, amine, amidine,
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acid, phosphonic acid, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, amine, amidne, N-(2-aminopyrimidine)sulfonyl, N-(aminopyridine)sulfonyl, N-(aminopyrazine)sulfonyl, N-(aminopyridine)carbonyl, N-(aminopyrazine)carbonyl, N-(2-aminopyrimidine)phosphonyl, N-(2-aminopyridine)phosphonyl, N-(aminopyrazine)phosphonyl, N-(aminobenzimidazolyl)sulfonyl,

N-(aminobenzothiazolyl)sulfonyl,

N-(aminobenzotriazolyl)sulfonyl, N-(aminoindolyl)sulfonyl,

N-(aminothiazolyl)sulfonyl,

N-(aminotriazolyl)sulfonyl,

N-(amino-4-methylpiperidinyl)sulfonyl,

N-(amino-4-methylpiperazinyl)sulfonyl,

N-(aminobenzimidazolyl)carbonyl,

N-(aminobenzothiazolyl)carbonyl,

N-(aminobenzotriazolyl)carbonyl, N-(aminoindolyl)carbonyl,

N-(aminothiazolyl)carbonyl,

N-(aminotriazolyl)carbonyl,

N-(amino-4-methylpiperidinyl)carbonyl,

N-(amino-4-methylpiperazinyl)carbonyl,

N-(2-aminobenzimidazolyl)phosphonyl,

N-(2-aminobenzothiazolyl)phosphonyl,

N-(2-aminobenzotriazolyl)phosphonyl,

N-(2-aminoindolyl)phosphonyl, N-(2-aminothiazolyl)phosphonyl,

N-(2-aminotriazolyl)phosphonyl, N-(amino-4-methylpiperidinyl)

phosphonyl, N-(amino-4-methylpiperazinyl) phosphonyl,

acetamide, nitrile, thiol, $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyldisulfide, $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkylsulfide, phenyl

disulfide, urea, C₁₋₆alkylurea, phenylurea, thiourea,

C₁₋₆alkylthiourea, phenylthiourea, substituted C₁₋₆alkyldisulfide, substituted phenyldisulfide, substituted C₁₋₆alkylurea, substituted

 C_{1-6} alkylthiourea, substituted phenylurea, and substituted

phenylthiourea

wherein the C1-6alkyldisulfide, phenyldisulfide, C1-6alkylurea,

C_{1.6}alkylthiourea, phenylurea, and phenylthiourea substituents are selected from the group consisting of C_{1.6}alkyl,

haloC₁₋₆alkyl, halogen, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, amine, amidine, acetamide, and nitrile:

 R^{41} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, phenyl, $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkylcarbonyl, phenylcarbonyl, substituted $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkyl, substituted phenyl, substituted $C_{1\text{-}6}$ alkylcarbonyl and substituted phenylcarbonyl, wherein

the substituents are selected from the group consisting of C₁₋₆alkyl, haloC₁₋₆alkyl, halogen, hydroxyl, carboxylic acid, sulfonic acid, phosphonic acid, amine, amidine, acctamide, and nitrile.